



Second Quarter Fiscal 2026 Earnings

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SAFE HARBOR

Forward-Looking Statements

Certain statements herein, other than statements of historical fact, are forward-looking statements within the meaning of the Private Securities Litigation Reform Act of 1995. Such forward-looking statements may include, without limitation, statements about the acquisition of Breeze Autocare, including its Oil Changers stores, and the integration of the Breeze Autocare business and the anticipated benefits and synergies of the acquisition; executing on the growth strategy to create shareholder value by driving the full potential in Valvoline's core business, delivering sustainable network growth and innovating to meet the changing needs of customers and the car parc; realizing the benefits from acquisitions and refranchising transactions; and future opportunities for the stand-alone retail business; and any other statements regarding Valvoline's future operations, financial or operating results, capital allocation, debt leverage ratio, anticipated business levels, dividend policy, anticipated growth, market opportunities, strategies, competition, and other expectations and targets for future periods. Valvoline has identified some of these forward-looking statements with words such as "anticipates," "believes," "expects," "estimates," "is likely," "predicts," "projects," "forecasts," "may," "will," "should," and "intends," and the negative of these words or other comparable terminology. These forward-looking statements are based on Valvoline's current expectations, estimates, projections, and assumptions as of the date such statements are made and are subject to risks and uncertainties that may cause results to differ materially from those expressed or implied in the forward-looking statements. Additional information regarding these risks and uncertainties are described in Valvoline's filings with the Securities and Exchange Commission (the "SEC"), including in the "Risk Factors," "Management's Discussion and Analysis of Financial Condition and Results of Operations," and "Quantitative and Qualitative Disclosures about Market Risk" sections of Valvoline's most recently filed periodic reports on Forms 10-K and 10-Q, which are available on Valvoline's website at <http://investors.valvoline.com/sec-filings> or on the SEC's website at <http://www.sec.gov>. Valvoline assumes no obligation to update or revise these forward-looking statements for any reason, even if new information becomes available in the future, unless required by law.

Regulation G: Adjusted Results

Information regarding Valvoline's definitions, calculations and reconciliation of non-GAAP measures can be found in the Appendix.

2Q FY2026 BUSINESS HIGHLIGHTS¹



\$987M

System-wide Store Sales²

↑ 20%



\$504M

Net Sales

↑ 25%



\$134M

Adjusted EBITDA³

↑ 28%



\$0.41

Adjusted EPS³

↑ 21%



8.2%

System-wide Same Store
Sales² Growth



29

Net Store Additions



2,409

System locations²

↑ 16%

1. All comparisons are year over year unless otherwise noted.
2. Refer to the Appendix for further information regarding management's use of key business measures.
3. For a reconciliation of adjusted amounts to amounts reported under GAAP, please refer to the Appendix.

Delivering Shareholder Value through Strategic Focus



**Drive
Full Potential
of the Core**



**Deliver
Sustainable
Network Growth**



**Innovate for the Evolving
Needs of Customers and
the Car Parc**



**Long-term Shareholder
Value Creation**



2Q

ADJUSTED RESULTS¹

Adjusted Results Summary	2Q FY2026	2Q FY2025
Net Sales	\$503.8	\$403.2
Gross Profit Margin	37.1%	37.3%
SG&A ²	\$90.6	\$75.2
EBITDA	\$133.6	\$104.4
EBITDA Margin	26.5%	25.9%
EPS	\$0.41	\$0.34
Free Cash Flow - YTD	\$45.0	\$(12.2)

1. For a reconciliation of adjusted amounts to amounts reported under GAAP, please refer to the Appendix.
2. Prior year amounts include a reclass related to sublease income previously presented in Other loss (income), net, which is now presented in SG&A

2Q FINANCIAL HIGHLIGHTS

\$504M

Net Sales

37.1%

20 bps decrease

Adjusted Gross Margin¹
As a % of Net Sales

18.0%

70 bps decrease

Adjusted SG&A¹
As a % of Net Sales

26.5%

60 bps increase

Adjusted EBITDA¹
As a % of Net Sales

\$52M

Adjusted Net Income¹

\$0.41

21% increase

Adjusted EPS¹

3.1x

Leverage Ratio²

\$45.0M

\$57M increase
YTD Free Cash Flow¹

1. For a reconciliation of adjusted amounts to amounts reported under GAAP, please refer to the Appendix.
2. Based on total debt less cash and cash equivalents divided by adjusted EBITDA for the trailing twelve months.

FY26 Updated Guidance

	Updated Outlook	Prior Outlook
System-wide SSS Growth ¹	5% - 6.5%	4% - 6%
System-Wide Store Additions ¹	No Change	330 - 360
Net Revenues	No Change	\$2.0B - \$2.1B
Adjusted EBITDA ²	\$540M - \$560M	\$525M - \$550M
Adjusted EPS ²	\$1.65 - \$1.75	\$1.60 - \$1.70
Capital Expenditures	No Change	\$250M - \$280M



1. For a discussion of management's use of Key Business Measures, please refer to the Appendix.

2. Denotes a forward-looking non-GAAP financial measure that Valvoline is unable to reconcile without unreasonable efforts, as the Company is currently unable to predict with a reasonable degree of certainty the type and extent of certain items that would be expected to impact GAAP results but would not impact non-GAAP adjusted results.



Key Takeaways

1

Delivered **strong Q2 results**.

2

Updating guidance and working to mitigate any macro and supply chain uncertainty.

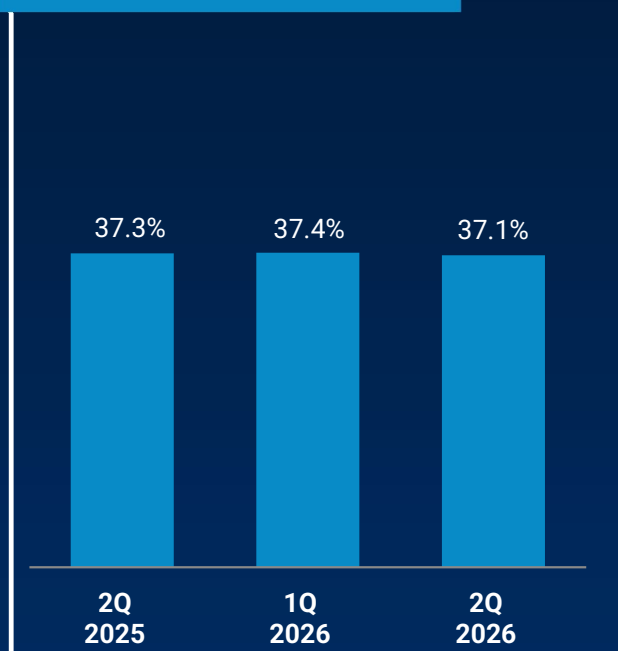
3

Resilient business model built to deliver sustained above-market growth.

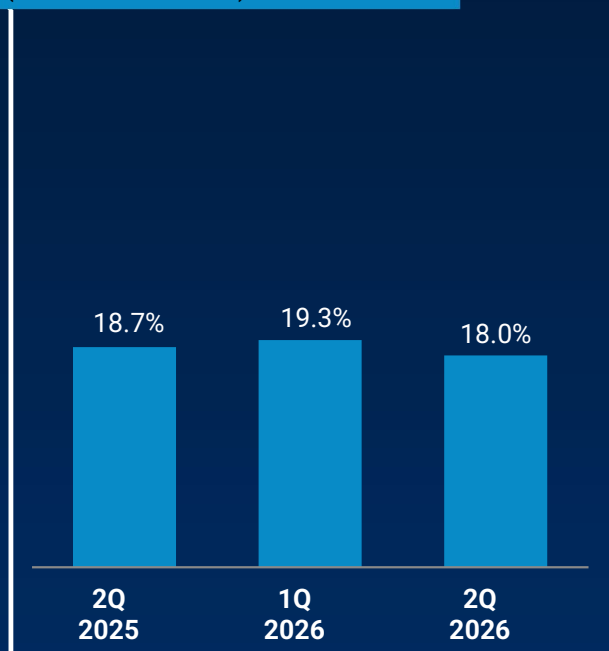
Appendix

2Q 2026 Financial Drivers¹

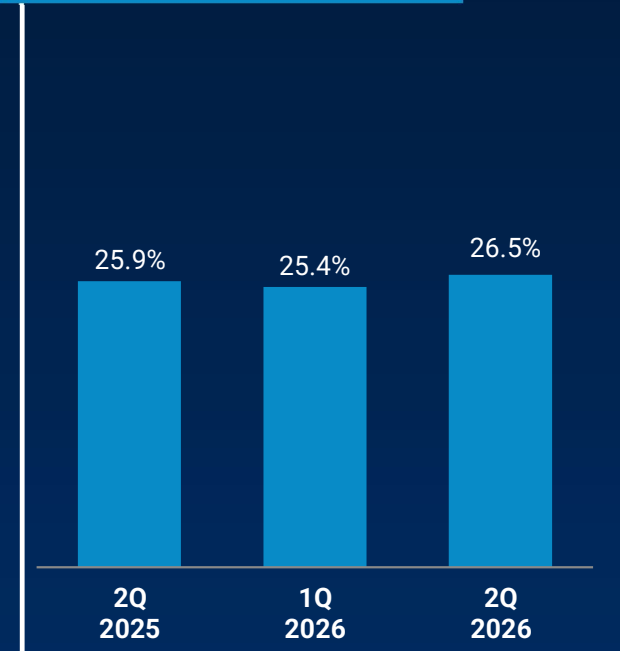
Gross Margin



Adj. SG&A² (as a % of Net Sales)



Adj. EBITDA Margin



1. For a reconciliation of adjusted amounts to amounts reported under GAAP, please refer to the Appendix.

2. Prior year amounts include a reclass related to sublease income previously presented in Other loss (income), net, which is now presented in SG&A.

SIGNIFICANT EXPENSES SEGMENT DISCLOSURE

(Preliminary and unaudited)

(In millions)	Three months ended March 31 2026			Three months ended March 31 2025		
	GAAP	Key Items ^(b)	Adjusted	GAAP	Key Items ^(b)	Adjusted
Net revenues	\$ 503.8	\$ —	\$ 503.8	\$ 403.2	\$ —	\$ 403.2
Less:						
Labor cost	123.5	—	123.5	98.3	—	98.3
Materials	86.4	—	86.4	71.7	—	71.7
Other service delivery costs	106.9	—	106.9	82.7	—	82.7
Advertising	21.1	—	21.1	17.5	—	17.5
Payroll and related costs	38.5	(1.3)	37.2	30.5	(0.3)	30.2
Other general and administrative	39.1	(6.8)	32.3	35.6	(8.1)	27.5
Other segment items ^(a)	43.0	1.4	44.4	28.6	2.5	31.1
Income from continuing operations	<u>\$ 45.3</u>	<u>\$ 6.7</u>	<u>\$ 52.0</u>	<u>\$ 38.3</u>	<u>\$ 5.9</u>	<u>\$ 44.2</u>

	Six months ended March 31 2026			Six months ended March 31 2025		
	GAAP	Key Items ^(b)	Adjusted	GAAP	Key Items ^(b)	Adjusted
Net revenues	\$ 965.6	\$ —	\$ 965.6	\$ 817.5	\$ —	\$ 817.5
Less:						
Labor cost	239.3	—	239.3	205.0	—	205.0
Materials	164.8	—	164.8	146.2	—	146.2
Other service delivery costs	202.0	—	202.0	162.9	—	162.9
Advertising	41.2	—	41.2	34.8	—	34.8
Payroll and related costs	74.2	(2.8)	71.4	58.1	(0.7)	57.4
Other general and administrative	90.1	(22.9)	67.2	71.1	(9.5)	61.6
Other segment items ^(a)	140.9	(60.8)	80.1	7.2	56.3	63.5
Income from continuing operations	<u>\$ 13.1</u>	<u>\$ 86.5</u>	<u>\$ 99.6</u>	<u>\$ 132.2</u>	<u>\$ (46.1)</u>	<u>\$ 86.1</u>

(a) Other segment items primarily include items such as Net legacy and separation-related expenses, Other loss (income), net, Net pension and postretirement costs, Net interest and other financing expenses, and Income tax expense, which are included in the Company's Condensed Consolidated Statements of Comprehensive Income.

(b) Represents certain unusual, infrequent, or non-operational activity not directly attributable to the underlying business. Refer to the "Use of Non-GAAP Measures" slide in this Appendix for additional details.

SYSTEM-WIDE STORE INFORMATION

(Preliminary and unaudited)

	Company-operated				
	Second Quarter 2026	First Quarter 2026	Fourth Quarter 2025	Third Quarter 2025	Second Quarter 2025
Beginning of period	1,196	1,016	983	950	932
Opened	8	26	26	19	12
Acquired	3	210	8	8	6
Divested ^(a)	—	(45)	—	—	—
Net conversions between company-operated and franchised	4	(10)	—	6	—
Closed	(1)	(1)	(1)	—	—
End of period	1,210	1,196	1,016	983	950

	Franchised ^(b)				
	Second Quarter 2026	First Quarter 2026	Fourth Quarter 2025	Third Quarter 2025	Second Quarter 2025
Beginning of period	1,184	1,164	1,141	1,128	1,113
Opened	20	13	24	19	17
Acquired ^(c)	—	—	—	—	—
Net conversions between company-operated and franchised	(4)	10	—	(6)	—
Closed	(1)	(3)	(1)	—	(2)
End of period	1,199	1,184	1,164	1,141	1,128

Total system-wide stores ^(b)	2,409	2,380	2,180	2,124	2,078
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(a) Divested stores represent those acquired in connection with the Breeze Autocare acquisition and immediately divested as required by the Federal Trade Commission.

(b) Measures include Valvoline franchisees, which are independent legal entities. Valvoline does not consolidate the results of operations of its franchisees.

(c) Represents the acquisition of franchise stores that are new to the Valvoline retail store system by Valvoline Inc.

RETAIL SERVICES – Q2 SYSTEM RESULTS

(Preliminary and unaudited)

	Three months ended March 31		Six months ended March 31		
	2026	2025	2026	2025	
Sales information					
Store sales - in millions					
Company-operated	\$ 450.7	\$ 352.7	\$ 859.0	\$ 718.0	
Franchised ^(a)	535.9	472.8	1,051.2	927.8	
System-wide store sales ^(a)	\$ 986.6	\$ 825.5	\$ 1,910.2	\$ 1,645.8	
Year-over-year growth ^(a)	19.5 %	10.6 %	16.1 %	12.0 %	
System-wide same-store sales growth ^{(a)(b)}	8.2 %	5.8 %	7.0 %	6.9 %	
	Number of stores at end of period				
	Second Quarter 2026	First Quarter 2026	Fourth Quarter 2025	Third Quarter 2025	Second Quarter 2025
Company-operated	1,210	1,196	1,016	983	950
Franchised ^(a)	1,199	1,184	1,164	1,141	1,128
	March 31				
	2026			2025	
System-wide store count ^(a)	2,409			2,078	
Year-over-year growth ^(a)	15.9 %			7.8 %	

(a) Measures include Valvoline franchisees, which are independent legal entities. Valvoline does not consolidate the results of operations of its franchisees.

(b) Valvoline determines SSS growth as the year-over-year change in net revenues of U.S. VIOC system-wide same stores with same stores defined as those that have been in operation within the system for at least 12 full months, and beginning in fiscal 2026, mobile service net revenues in markets that leverage store marketing channels.

RECONCILIATION OF NON-GAAP DATA – INCOME FROM CONTINUING OPERATIONS & DILUTED EARNINGS PER SHARE

(Preliminary and unaudited)

	Three months ended March 31		Six months ended March 31	
	2026	2025	2026	2025
Reported income from continuing operations	\$ 45.3	\$ 38.3	\$ 13.1	\$ 132.2
<i>Adjustments:</i>				
Net pension and other postretirement plan income	(1.2)	(0.9)	(2.4)	(1.8)
Net legacy and separation-related expenses	0.9	0.8	6.1	1.2
Information technology transition costs	2.7	4.9	5.8	6.4
Investment and divestiture-related costs (income) ^(a)	7.3	3.4	69.5	(67.5)
Total adjustments, pre-tax	9.7	8.2	79.0	(61.7)
Income tax (benefit) expense of adjustments	(1.9)	(2.3)	4.1	15.6
Income tax adjustments ^(b)	(1.1)	—	3.4	—
Total adjustments, after tax	6.7	5.9	86.5	(46.1)
Adjusted income from continuing operations ^{(c) (d)}	\$ 52.0	\$ 44.2	\$ 99.6	\$ 86.1
Reported diluted earnings per share from continuing operations	\$ 0.35	\$ 0.30	\$ 0.10	\$ 1.02
Adjusted diluted earnings per share from continuing operations ^{(d) (e)}	\$ 0.41	\$ 0.34	\$ 0.78	\$ 0.67
Weighted average diluted common shares outstanding	128.4	128.2	128.3	128.9

- (a) Includes certain pre-tax key item activity within amortization and net interest and other financing expenses that do not impact EBITDA but impact pre-tax adjusted earnings.
- (b) Income tax adjustments include the effects associated with investment and divestiture-related activity, which is further described in the Appendix.
- (c) Adjusted income from continuing operations is defined as income from continuing operations adjusted for the effects of key items.
- (d) Represents a non-GAAP measure. Refer to "Use of Non-GAAP Measures" and the Appendix for additional details.
- (e) Adjusted diluted earnings per share from continuing operations is defined as diluted earnings per share calculated using adjusted income from continuing operations.

RECONCILIATION OF NON-GAAP DATA – 2Q ADJUSTED EBITDA

(Preliminary and unaudited)

(in millions)	Three months ended March 31		Six months ended March 31	
	2026	2025	2026	2025
Reported net revenues ^(a)	\$ 503.8	\$ 403.2	\$ 965.6	\$ 817.5
Income from continuing operations	\$ 45.3	\$ 38.3	\$ 13.1	\$ 132.2
Add:				
Income tax expense	14.2	12.6	40.4	45.9
Net interest and other financing expenses	27.7	16.9	53.2	34.4
Depreciation and amortization	37.6	28.4	71.1	56.4
EBITDA from continuing operations ^{(b) (c)}	124.8	96.2	177.8	268.9
Key items:				
Net pension and other postretirement plan income	(1.2)	(0.9)	(2.4)	(1.8)
Net legacy and separation-related expenses	0.9	0.8	6.1	1.2
Information technology transition costs	2.7	4.9	5.8	6.4
Investment and divestiture-related costs (income) ^(d)	6.4	3.4	63.7	(67.5)
Key items - subtotal	8.8	8.2	73.2	(61.7)
Adjusted EBITDA from continuing operations ^{(b) (c)}	<u>\$ 133.6</u>	<u>\$ 104.4</u>	<u>\$ 251.0</u>	<u>\$ 207.2</u>
Net profit margin ^(e)	9.0 %	9.5 %	1.4 %	16.2 %
Adjusted EBITDA margin ^{(b) (f)}	26.5 %	25.9 %	26.0 %	25.3 %

(a) Net revenues do not have any key item adjustments in the periods presented herein; therefore, GAAP net revenues and Adjusted net revenues are the same.

(b) Represents a non-GAAP measure. Refer to "Use of Non-GAAP Measures" and the Appendix for additional details.

(c) EBITDA from continuing operations is defined as Income from continuing operations, plus Income tax expense, Net interest and other financing expenses, and Depreciation and amortization attributable to continuing operations. Adjusted EBITDA from continuing operations is EBITDA adjusted for key items attributable to continuing operations.

(d) Includes certain pre-tax key item activity within amortization and net interest and other financing expenses that do not impact Adjusted EBITDA but impact pre-tax adjusted earnings.

(e) Net profit margin is defined as reported income from continuing operations divided by reported net revenues.

(f) Adjusted EBITDA margin is defined as Adjusted EBITDA from continuing operations divided by adjusted net revenues.

RECONCILIATION OF NON-GAAP DATA – FREE CASH FLOWS

(Preliminary and unaudited)

(In millions) Free cash flow ^(a)	Six months ended March 31	
	2026	2025
Operating cash flows from continuing operations	\$ 160.2	\$ 93.2
<i>Adjustments:</i>		
Additions to property, plant and equipment from continuing operations	(115.2)	(105.4)
Free cash flow from continuing operations ^(b)	<u>\$ 45.0</u>	<u>\$ (12.2)</u>

Free cash flow excluding growth capital expenditures ^(c)	Six months ended March 31	
	2026	2025
Operating cash flows from continuing operations	\$ 160.2	\$ 93.2
<i>Adjustments:</i>		
Maintenance additions to property, plant and equipment	(27.4)	(15.6)
Free cash flow excluding growth capital expenditures ^(b)	<u>\$ 132.8</u>	<u>\$ 77.6</u>

(a) Free cash flow is defined as operating cash flows less additions to property, plant and equipment.

(b) Represents a non-GAAP measure. Refer to "Use of Non-GAAP Measures" and the Appendix for additional details.

(c) Free cash flow excluding growth capital expenditures is defined as operating cash flows less maintenance additions to property, plant and equipment.

CONSOLIDATED GAAP INCOME STATEMENT

(Preliminary and unaudited)

(In millions, except per share amounts)	Three months ended March 31		Six months ended March 31	
	2026	2025	2026	2025
Net revenues	\$ 503.8	\$ 403.2	\$ 965.6	\$ 817.5
Cost of sales	316.8	252.7	606.1	514.1
Gross profit	187.0	150.5	359.5	303.4
Selling, general and administrative expenses	98.7	83.6	205.5	164.0
Net legacy and separation-related expenses	0.9	0.8	6.1	1.2
Other loss (income), net	1.4	(0.8)	43.6	(72.5)
Operating income	86.0	66.9	104.3	210.7
Net pension and other postretirement plan income	(1.2)	(0.9)	(2.4)	(1.8)
Net interest and other financing expenses	27.7	16.9	53.2	34.4
Income before income taxes	59.5	50.9	53.5	178.1
Income tax expense	14.2	12.6	40.4	45.9
Income from continuing operations	45.3	38.3	13.1	132.2
Loss from discontinued operations, net of tax	(0.5)	(0.7)	(1.1)	(3.0)
Net income	44.8	\$ 37.6	12.0	\$ 129.2
Net earnings per share				
Basic earnings (loss) per share				
Continuing operations	\$ 0.35	\$ 0.30	\$ 0.10	\$ 1.03
Discontinued operations	—	(0.01)	(0.01)	(0.02)
Basic earnings per share	<u>\$ 0.35</u>	<u>\$ 0.29</u>	<u>\$ 0.09</u>	<u>\$ 1.01</u>
Diluted earnings (loss) per share				
Continuing operations	\$ 0.35	\$ 0.30	\$ 0.10	\$ 1.02
Discontinued operations	—	(0.01)	(0.01)	(0.02)
Diluted earnings per share	<u>\$ 0.35</u>	<u>\$ 0.29</u>	<u>\$ 0.09</u>	<u>\$ 1.00</u>
Weighted average common shares outstanding				
Basic	127.8	127.6	127.7	128.2
Diluted	128.4	128.2	128.3	128.9

RECONCILIATION OF NON-GAAP DATA – ADJUSTED SG&A & OPERATING INCOME

In millions - preliminary and unaudited	Three months ended March 31					
	Selling, general and administrative expenses ^(d)			Operating income		
	2026	2025		2026	2025	
As reported	\$ 98.7	\$ 83.6		\$ 86.0	\$ 66.9	
Key items:						
Net legacy and separation-related expenses	—	—		0.9	0.8	
Information technology transition costs	2.7	4.5		2.7	4.9	
Investment and divestiture-related costs (income)	5.4	3.9		7.3	3.4	
As adjusted ^(a)	\$ 90.6	\$ 75.2		\$ 96.9	\$ 76.0	
% of net revenues as reported ^(b)	19.6 %	20.7 %		17.1 %	16.6 %	
% of net revenues as adjusted ^(c)	18.0 %	18.7 %		19.2 %	18.8 %	

In millions - preliminary and unaudited	Six months ended March 31					
	Selling, general and administrative expenses ^(d)			Operating income		
	2026	2025		2026	2025	
As reported	\$ 205.5	\$ 164.0		\$ 104.3	\$ 210.7	
Key items:						
Net legacy and separation-related expenses	—	—		6.1	1.2	
Information technology transition costs	5.8	6.0		5.8	6.4	
Investment and divestiture-related costs (income)	19.9	4.2		64.8	(67.5)	
As adjusted ^(a)	\$ 179.8	\$ 153.8		\$ 181.0	\$ 150.8	
% of net revenues as reported ^(b)	21.3 %	20.1 %		10.8 %	25.8 %	
% of net revenues as adjusted ^(c)	18.6 %	18.8 %		18.7 %	18.4 %	

(a) Represents non-GAAP measure. Refer to "Use of Non-GAAP Measures" and this Appendix for additional details.

(b) Financial measures presented as the activity for the relevant period reported in accordance with US GAAP divided by net revenues for the relevant period as reported in accordance with US GAAP.

(c) Financial measures presented as the activity for the relevant period where the results reported in accordance with US GAAP are adjusted for key items divided by net revenues for the relevant period as reported in accordance with US GAAP adjusted for key items.

(d) Prior year amounts include a reclass related to sublease income previously presented in other loss (income), net which is now presented in SG&A.

USE OF NON-GAAP MEASURES

This presentation includes the following non-GAAP measures: Adjusted operating income; adjusted operating margin; adjusted selling, general and administrative expenses; adjusted selling, general and administrative margin; EBITDA, adjusted EBITDA, and adjusted EBITDA margin; adjusted net income and adjusted diluted earnings per share; and free cash flow and free cash flow excluding growth capital expenditures. Refer to this Appendix for management's definition of each non-GAAP measure and reconciliation to the most comparable U.S. GAAP measure.

Non-GAAP measures include adjustments from results based on U.S. GAAP that management believes enables comparison of certain financial trends and results between periods and provides a useful supplemental presentation of Valvoline's operating performance that allows for transparency with respect to key metrics used by management in operating the business and measuring performance. These non-GAAP measures have limitations as analytical tools and should not be considered in isolation from, an alternative to, or more meaningful than, the financial results presented in accordance with U.S. GAAP. The financial results presented in accordance with U.S. GAAP and the reconciliations of non-GAAP measures should be carefully evaluated. The manner used to compute the non-GAAP information used by management may differ from the methods used by other companies and may not be comparable.

Management believes EBITDA measures provide a meaningful supplemental presentation of Valvoline's operating performance between periods on a comparable basis due to the depreciable assets associated with the nature of the Company's operations, as well as income tax and interest costs related to Valvoline's tax and capital structures, respectively. Management uses free cash flow and free cash flow excluding growth capital expenditures as additional non-GAAP metrics of cash flow generation. By including capital expenditures, management is able to provide an indication of the ongoing cash being generated that is ultimately available for both debt and equity holders as well as other investment opportunities. Free cash flow includes the impact of capital expenditures, providing a supplemental view of cash generation. Free cash flow excluding growth capital expenditures includes maintenance capital expenditures, which are uses of cash that are necessary to maintain the Company's existing business operations, including its retail service center store network, service portfolio, and support functions. Free cash flow excluding growth capital expenditures provides a supplemental view of cash flow generation before investments in growth capital, which expand future business operations, including the opening or expansion of retail service center stores and service capabilities. Free cash flow and free cash flow excluding growth capital expenditures have certain limitations, including that they do not reflect adjustments for certain non-discretionary cash expenditures, such as mandatory debt repayments.

Adjusted profitability measures (i.e., adjusted net income, diluted earnings per share and EBITDA) enable the comparison of financial trends and results between periods where certain items may not be reflective of the Company's underlying and ongoing operational performance or vary independent of business performance. The non-GAAP measures used by management exclude the impact of certain unusual, infrequent or non-operational activity not directly attributable to the underlying business, which management believes impacts the comparability of operational results between periods ("key items"). Key items are often related to legacy matters or market-driven events considered by management to not be reflective of the ongoing operating performance. Key items may consist of adjustments related to: legacy businesses, including the separation from Valvoline's former parent company, the sale of the former Global Products reportable segment, and the associated impacts of related activity and indemnities; non-service pension and other postretirement plan activity; restructuring-related matters, including organizational restructuring plans, significant acquisitions or divestitures, debt extinguishment and modification, and tax reform legislation; in addition to other matters that management considers non-operational, infrequent or unusual in nature.

USE OF NON-GAAP MEASURES, CONTINUED

Refer to the following for descriptions of the key items that comprise the adjustments which depart from the computations in accordance with U.S. GAAP:

Net pension and other postretirement plan income: Includes several elements impacted by changes in plan assets and obligations that are primarily driven by the debt and equity markets, including remeasurement gains and losses, when applicable; and recurring non-service pension and other postretirement net periodic activity, which consists of interest cost, expected return on plan assets and amortization of prior service credits. Management considers these elements are more reflective of changes in current conditions in global markets (in particular, interest rates), outside the operational performance of the business, and are also legacy amounts that are not directly related to the underlying business and do not have an impact on the compensation and benefits provided to eligible employees for current service.

Net legacy and separation-related expenses: Activity associated with legacy businesses, including the separation from Valvoline's former parent company and its former Global Products reportable segment. This activity includes the recognition of and adjustments to indemnity obligations to its former parent company; certain legal, financial, professional advisory and consulting fees; and other expenses incurred by the continuing operations in connection with and directly related to these separation transactions and legacy matters. This incremental activity directly attributable to legacy matters and separation transactions is not considered reflective of the underlying operating performance of the Company's continuing operations.

Information technology transition costs: Consists of expenses incurred directly related to the Company's information technology transitions, primarily efforts related to implementing stand-alone enterprise resource planning and human resource information systems that generally began in fiscal 2023 following the sale of the former Global Products reportable segment. These expenses include data conversion, training, redundant expenses incurred from duplicative technology platforms, and temporary support, which includes consulting fees and professional services to support certain enhanced manual procedures and material weakness remediation efforts. These incremental costs are directly associated with technology transitions and are not considered to be reflective of the ongoing expenses of operating the Company's technology platforms.

Investment and divestiture-related costs (income): Consists of activity directly associated with specific significant acquisitions, investments and divestitures, including professional and consulting fees for legal and advisory services, in addition to gains or losses recognized upon disposition, temporary financing costs directly associated with transactions, certain acquisition-related incentive compensation costs, amortization of Breeze acquired intangible assets, and expense recognized to reduce the carrying values of related assets determined to be impaired. This activity is not considered to be reflective of the underlying operating performance of the Company's ongoing continuing operations.

KEY BUSINESS MEASURES

Valvoline tracks its operating performance and manages its business using certain key measures, including system-wide, company-operated and franchised store counts and system-wide SSS and store sales, along with select financial metrics such as target leverage on a rating agency adjusted basis. Management believes these measures are useful to evaluating and understanding Valvoline's operating performance and should be considered as supplements to, not substitutes for, Valvoline's net revenues and operating income, as determined in accordance with U.S. GAAP.

Net revenues are influenced by the number of service center stores and the business performance of those stores. Stores are considered open upon acquisition or opening for business. Temporary store closings remain in the respective store counts with only permanent store closures reflected in the activity and end of period store counts. SSS is defined as net revenues of U.S. Valvoline Instant Oil ChangeSM (VIOCSM) system-wide stores that have been in operation for at least 12 full months within the system, and beginning in fiscal 2026, mobile service net revenues in markets that leverage store marketing channels.

Net revenues are limited to sales at company-operated stores, in addition to royalties and other fees from independent franchised and Express Care stores. Although Valvoline does not recognize store-level sales from franchised stores as net revenues in its Statements of Condensed Consolidated Income, management believes system-wide and franchised SSS comparisons, store counts, and total system-wide store sales are useful to assess market position relative to competitors and overall store and operating performance.